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# The Times-Dispatch



# Dispatch

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WHOLE NUMBER 18,082.

RICHMOND, VA., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1909.

THE WEATHER TO-DAY: CLOUDY.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## VICTORY MAY PROVE ONLY THEORETICAL

No Practical Results  
Achieved by Case  
Against Standard.

## COMPANY WILL GO ON JUST AS USUAL

Proceedings Summed Up by  
Henry Wollman, Who Cannot  
See That Disposal of Stock  
in Subsidiary Companies  
Will Mean Radical  
Change.

NEW YORK, November 21.—Mortimer F. Elliott, general counsel for the Standard Oil Company, said today, in commenting for the first time on the decision against the company handed down yesterday by the United States Circuit Court at St. Paul: "I have seen what purports to be the text of the decree handed down by the United States Circuit Court yesterday. The company will take an appeal immediately to the United States Supreme Court, and will cheerfully abide by the verdict of the highest court in the land, whatever that may be.

"Argument in this case began last April, and we are glad to have reached an opinion. I do not mean that we are pleased with the opinion, but that we are glad to get it, whatever its nature.

"The decree does not order a dissolution of the Standard Oil Company; that is a misunderstanding. What the decree orders is that I now understand, is that the company shall distribute among its stockholders, of whom there are approximately 5,000, its holdings in the stock of subsidiary companies.

"This distribution, I further understand, is ordered to be effected on a pro rata basis of apportionment. That is to say, the heaviest holders of Standard Oil stock would receive a proportionate number of shares in the stock of subsidiary companies."

Mr. Elliott was asked what course the company would adopt if the verdict of the lower court should be upheld in the higher court.

"That," he said, "is something I shall be better prepared to discuss when I have seen the opinion by which the United States Circuit Court justifies its decree."

Theoretical Victory.

Henry Wollman, who represents the Attorney-General of Missouri in that State's suit against the Standard Oil Company, and conducted the examination in New York of officers of the company, takes a view similar to that expressed by Mr. Elliott. He sums up the situation as "theoretical victory."

"I cannot see," he said, "that any practical effect is to be expected. It seems as if the best the government can do is to order the sale of the property, and in that case the money, of course, goes to the present stockholders in some form or another. There is no confiscation, no punishment, as there would be in the case of criminal proceedings, with the imposition of a fine.

"The case seems to be very similar to that of the coal roads, which were ordered to separate to coal business and coal business and coal business, even if the decision is upheld by the Supreme Court, how the government can prevent the control of Standard Oil properties remaining in the same hands, even if it is the sale of the property, and in that case the money, of course, goes to the present stockholders in some form or another. There is no confiscation, no punishment, as there would be in the case of criminal proceedings, with the imposition of a fine.

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To Hold Conference.

CHICAGO, ILL., November 21.—Mortiz Rosenthal, who represented the Standard Oil Company in the case against the Standard Oil Company, left for New York to-day. Joseph Moses, a law partner of Mr. Rosenthal, said that Mr. Rosenthal's trip to the East was on business foreign to the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Moses added, however, that there would probably be a conference of the Standard Oil Company's counsel before Mr. Rosenthal left New York.

Rockefeller Silent.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, November 21.—"I simply cannot comment on the decision of the United States Circuit Court on the government's complaint against the Standard Oil Company," said John D. Rockefeller at church to-day. "I am not at all actively connected with the management of the company, and it would be improper for me to enter into a discussion of the matter."

Mr. Rockefeller added that his spirits were high, as Mrs. Rockefeller, who has been ill, is progressing toward a recovery with gratifying speed.

Effect Hard to Foresee.

John P. Branch, president of the Merchants' National Bank, said last night that it was difficult to say at this time just what would be the effect on the future of the Standard Oil Company if the decision of the Circuit Court is upheld. "If the decision is confirmed," he said, "the property will be there. None of it will be destroyed. Those people have made money because they have known how to manage it. They have shown more brains than the others.

"They have reduced the price of oil from 50 cents to 40 cents. They have found out how to use the petroleum byproducts that used to be thrown away. They use the best talent in the world to show the how to make up these byproducts. As for being a monopoly, they are competing successfully with all Europe. The Standard Oil Company is a great benefactor. It is an open question whether, if the company were dissolved, the price of oil would not go higher. The great properties they have developed are there. Somebody must own them. I have no interest in the company myself. I don't think any of the stock is owned in Richmond, but I can see and admire the work of a great organization. More than any one company, it seems to me to pay out more money toward the good of the world, and so maintains the balance of trade."

## CASTRO IS BLAMED FOR DISTURBANCE

Exile Accused of Causing  
Agitation in  
Venezuela.

## SEEKING REVENGE ON HIS ENEMIES

Overthrown Dictator May Yet  
Even Up Score With President  
Gomez—Men Once  
Powerful Are Now Filling  
Prisons—Whole-  
sale Arrests Made.

CARACAS, VENEZUELA, Tuesday, November 9.—Former President Castro, an exile in Santander, Spain, is accused daily by the highest officials of the Venezuelan government of attempting to foment a revolution against the Gomez regime.

The continued agitation caused by the wholesale arrest of Castro partisans, by the recent sensational split in the Liberal party when an attempt was made to reorganize it, and by the near approach of the next session of Congress, which will elect a constitutional President for four years, has stirred political feeling until again today a spirit of unrest and uncertainty exists.

Either a serious condition of affairs does exist in Venezuela, due to steps being taken by the overthrown dictator to wreak vengeance on President Gomez, or there is an object which inspires the government to make it appear that Castro is busy conspiring with his followers. This object, the opponents of Gomez say, is perhaps to justify the wholesale arrests which have been made.

Seeking Revenge.

Every one believes that Castro will never rest until he has made another effort to ruin those who were responsible for his ignominious downfall. Times are hard for Castro in Venezuela, and the following are among many notable now languishing in the same prisons which they once filled with their enemies: R. Tello Mendoza, Castro's boon companion and financier, who made millions for Castro; Simon Bello, Castro's brother-in-law; Trino Castro, Castro's brother; R. Castillo Chapellin, chief of the Castro party in the late congress, and General Cestino Peraza, leader of the opposition in congress. Bello because he was about to start a newspaper to oppose the re-election of President Gomez.

Many of the best friends of Gomez believe the reorganization of the Liberal party is being planned, and that the present administration, and that at the last moment congress will bring forward a man to oppose Gomez. Such able and faithful supporters of Gomez as General Leopoldo Baptista, who was the chief of the reaction against Castro, and Ramon Ayala, first vice-president of Venezuela, have emphatically refused to serve in the party organization, or to countenance it in any way.

## WILL ATTEND CONFERENCE

Members of Rockefeller Commission  
Will Attend.

ATLANTA, GA., November 21.—The Rockefeller Commission for the Eradication of the Hookworm Disease is expected to attend in a body the first national conference on the study of this disease, to be held in Atlanta, January 18 and 19, already the chairman, Dr. William C. Cline, and other members of the commission, have signified their intention of attending, as have a number of prominent physicians from the South and East.

Officers of State Boards of Health, medical associations, civic bodies and insurance companies have been invited to attend the conference, which is to be held under the joint auspices of the Georgia State Board of Health and the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

## LA BEAUME RESIGNS

Quits After Shortage of \$27,000 Is  
Found in Books.

ST. LOUIS, MO., November 21.—Louis T. Beaume, national secretary and treasurer of the Travelers' Protective Association of America, has resigned, and the board of directors has accepted the resignation. The shortage of at least \$27,000, it was announced, exists in the books of the order. The directors, in accepting La Beaume's resignation, gave him a vote of confidence, and he will continue with the organization in another capacity. Beaume's resignation was announced by William H. Henschen, head bookkeeper, who committed suicide last July, show a shortage.

## NOTE NEVER FINISHED

Injured Man Bleeds to Death Before  
He Can Complete It.

FRANKLIN, PA., November 21.—"Accidental," slipped and was the coming of a note found to-night in a dense thicket beside the body of I. B. Borland, aged fifty years, former county treasurer and a prominent politician, who had been missing from home since Friday. A wound in the left leg caused Borland to bleed to death, according to the coroner's report. The accident was the result of a hunting trip.

It was evident that Borland began to write the note, but fell exhausted before he could finish it.

## FUNERAL ENDED

Ceremonies in Connection With Em-  
press's Interment Finally Closed.

PEKING, November 21.—The ceremonies in connection with the interment of the late Dowager Empress of China terminated this morning, when the sacrificial table was returned from the tombs and placed in the dynastic temple of the Forbidden City. The Viceroy of Chi and two lieutenants have been punished on account of carelessness in connection with the funeral. All those who took part in the ceremonies numbering thousands, have been rewarded.

Dies of Pellagra.

ROCK HILLS, S. C., November 21.—Mrs. B. V. Clarke, wife of a foreman for a builder and contractor here, died this morning of pellagra. The woman had been ill for a long time and seemed to be responding to treatment, but grew worse yesterday and died suddenly.

## COL. ASTOR'S YACHT IS REPORTED SAFE

Nourmahal Riding at  
Anchor in San Juan  
Harbor.

## ARRIVED THERE ON NOVEMBER 14

News That Vessel Escaped West  
Indian Hurricane Is Brought  
by Steamer Caracas—Wire-  
less Sent to Mrs. Astor,  
Who Is Aboard Lusitania.

TAMPA, FLA., November 22.—At 12:30 o'clock this morning, wireless communication with Guanabano was established here and a partial confirmation of the safety of the Nourmahal at San Juan was secured. The wireless station at that point reported having heard a message early to-day to the effect that the Nourmahal was safe in port.

WILLEMSTAD, CURACAO, November 21.—John Jacob Astor's steam yacht Nourmahal was safe in the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico, on November 15, according to the report brought here by the Red D. Liner Caracas to-day. The Caracas reports that the Nourmahal arrived at San Juan on November 14, and that she was still there on the 15th, safely anchored inside the harbor.

## Search Called Off.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 21.—A wireless message reached the United States revenue cutter service late today stating that John Jacob Astor's yacht, the Nourmahal, had been discovered riding in safety in the harbor of San Juan, Porto Rico. Captain Worth G. Ross, in command of the service, was so satisfied with its genuineness that he sent a wireless dispatch to the revenue cutter Yamacraw, which was engaged in searching in the West Indies for the missing yacht, to return at once. The Yamacraw accordingly is now on its way back to Charleston, S. C.

## Cheered by News.

NEW YORK, November 21.—News from Willemstad, Curacao, to-day, that Colonel John Jacob Astor's yacht Nourmahal was safe at San Juan, Porto Rico, on November 15, coming on the heels of last night's alarming report that a derelict, sighted north of Cuba might be the Astor yacht, was a welcome rainbow after the storm of anxiety which his friends and relatives had experienced here since the West Indian region was cut off from communication by the hurricane two weeks ago.

William A. Dobbyn, private secretary of Colonel Astor, was greatly relieved by the receipt of the Willemstad dispatch, but nevertheless anxious for details.

The news was passed along immediately to Douglas Robinson and Nicholas Biddle, trustees of the Astor estate, and Mr. Biddle promptly filed messages with the wireless and cable companies to Mrs. Astor, who sailed for Europe on Wednesday last on the Lusitania, soon after obtaining a decree of divorce.

The lapse of two weeks without word from Colonel Astor had wrought up newspaper agencies, maritime news exchanges, wireless telegraph companies, cable companies, ship corporations and even the United States government, which had dispatched three revenue cutters to search for the Nourmahal.

It was in answer to instructions sent broadcast to Associated Press correspondents in and around the Caribbean Sea, and even the United States government, which had dispatched three revenue cutters to search for the Nourmahal.

When Colonel Astor sailed from New York, it was with the particular purpose, he said, of avoiding "meddlesome persons." On the present trip the yacht carried Colonel Astor, his son, Vincent, who was eighteen years old last week; Vincent's tutor, Hans von Kaltenborn, and a crew of forty-five men and officers.

## Not Yet Confirmed.

KEY WEST, FLA., November 21.—When the wireless station closed this morning the operator reported that no word had come from any of the numerous craft which are seeking to locate Colonel John Jacob Astor's yacht Nourmahal. The station will open at 3 o'clock Monday morning, when an effort will be made to get into communication with the wireless station at San Juan.

Commodore Beehler, in charge of the government wireless station here, on being advised of the report that the Nourmahal was at San Juan, contained in the Associated Press dispatch from Willemstad, said that the first thing on the opening of the station at San Juan to-morrow morning he would seek confirmation of the report through direct communication with the San Juan wireless station.

## KILLED BY NEGROES

Lumberman Set Upon by Blacks and  
Put to Death.

BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., November 21.—News has reached here from a station on the Bennettsville and Cheraw Railroad, that C. B. Conner, a lumberman, was murdered there yesterday morning by three negroes, Tom Harrington, Will Harrington and Ed. Davis, all of North Carolina. The negroes escaped.

Conner it seems, suspected Davis of stealing a pistol. When he went to investigate he was set upon by the negroes, who knocked him down and then fired two shots into his head. Conner came to Madeline several months ago from Wilmore, N. C. He leaves a wife and three children.

## MAY SEND TROOPS INTO NICARAGUA

Transport Buffalo Goes  
Southward Under  
Hurry Orders.

## AN EXPEDITION AGAINST ZELAYA

Government Insists That Hostile  
Move Is Not Intended, But  
American Interests Will Be  
Protected and Marines  
Ready for Any Emergency.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 21.—Following a conference with the President at the White House to-night on the Nicaraguan situation, Secretary of State Knox authorized the following statement:

"If certain representations of fact which have been made to the State Department concerning the Grace and Cannon case are verified by inquiries that have been made, this government will at once prepare a demand on the Nicaraguan government for reparation for the death of these two men."

For two hours to-night President Taft conferred with Secretary Knox on the Nicaraguan situation. Counselor Henry M. Hoyt also was present. Previous to going to the executive mansion, Mr. Knox held a conference in his home with Assistant Secretary Huntington Wilson.

It was announced that neither the Secretary nor the White House would discuss in any way the pending difficulty with Nicaragua, and both the President and Mr. Knox refused to make any comment on their talk. The only other event of importance that transpired during the day was the dispatch of orders to the transport Buffalo, on duty on the Pacific coast, to sail at once for Panama, from Pichilique Bay, Cal., after taking on adequate supplies of coal and provisions.

Hurry-Up Schedule.

This order of the Buffalo south on hurry-up schedule is taken to mean that this government is making ready to throw a column of United States marines into the Nicaraguan turmoil for the protection of American lives and property. While the 500 marines are scattered generally over the Pacific zone, they can be concentrated by means of the railroad quickly at Panama, where there are military stores and supplies.

Any expedition against Nicaragua undertaken on the Pacific side of the Isthmus. The Buffalo would land the men at the port of Corinto, which is a short forty miles from Managua. The authorities in Managua insist that the dispatch of the Buffalo is not to be accepted as meaning that an expedition is to be launched against the Zelayan government, but that the vessel is ordered there that it may be in readiness should occasion suddenly arise.

The Buffalo carries six guns, is of 6,885 tons burden and her engines develop 3,600 horsepower. The vessel will be driven at top speed to Panama, where on her arrival, her commander will be instructed to report immediately to Washington.

## Preparing to Sail.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., November 21.—Active preparations are being made at the Philadelphia navy yard for the sailing of the cruisers Dixie and Prairie. The latter is expected to sail for Panama on Thanksgiving Day with the mainline Lamores. Just before the day-to-day that both vessels are scheduled for Nicaragua, but the authorities could not confirm these reports. Commandant Rear Admiral Uriah B. Harris said that the present sailing orders of the Dixie are for Boston, and those of the Prairie, he said, are, as far as we know, for Colon, in Panama; but, of course, any changes in the intentions of the department may be announced at any time.

Preparations are also being made to prepare the battleship in the yard for their cruise, which is expected to begin about December 1.

## Girl Cannot Be Found.

WALTHAM, MASS., November 21.—No trace has been found of Hattie Leblanc, the eighteen-year-old girl for whom the police have been searching since the death by shooting last night of Clarence F. Glover, president of the Waltham Club. Just before his death Glover accused the girl of shooting him. The Charles River has dragged to-day by the police in the belief that the girl may have committed suicide. Miss Leblanc had been employed in the Glover family as a domestic.

## Kills His Son-In-Law.

ROGERS, ARK., November 21.—Cale Cox killed his son-in-law, Will Davis, near here to-day, following a dispute over financial matters. It is alleged that Cox went to Davis' home following the dispute, and after breaking down a door, emptied the contents of a shotgun into the breast of Davis, killing him instantly.

## Governor Swanson Speaks.

"When I think of the influence of the Bible in the history of America," said he, "I am reminded of the day on which I stood within St. Paul's Cathedral in London and read there, inscribed upon the tomb of its architect, Sir Christopher Wren, this epitaph: 'If you seek his monument, look about you.' In like manner, if you seek the evidence of the part played by the Bible in the making of this nation, look about you. Our best policies, our best institutions, are founded on the immortal truths of the Bible, and our greatest leaders have been those who followed the teachings contained therein. It has been for us of this republic a veritable pillar of fire by day and pillar of fire by night, guiding us on in our splendid destiny."

The central idea of the Bible, he declared, was that the immortal soul is greater than the kingdoms and princedoms of this world.

(Continued on Page Seven—Column 4.)

## You Can Help the Mailman

You're planning to send Christmas remembrances to loved ones down East, out West, down South or up North,

And if you and your friends, and they and their friends, and in turn they and their friends, all wait until a few days before Christmas to get the packages off, what a jam the Mailman and Expressman will have—to say nothing of the terrors of late shopping you and we will experience.

Let's "do it now" this year—get the gifts off early with the packages marked "Do Not Open Until Christmas."

## IN WRONG WITH UNCLE SAM



PRESIDENT ZELAYA, OF NICARAGUA.

## BIBLE STUDENTS IN GREAT PARADE

Four Thousand March Through  
Streets to Mass-Meeting at  
City Auditorium.

## MANY OLD MEN IN LINE

Speakers Show How Influence  
of Bible Works Toward  
Higher Ideals of Life.

Four thousand members of the Federation of Men's Bible Classes in Richmond paraded yesterday on Main Street without banners or brass bands, but demonstrating in a sane way to the people of the city the widespread interest that is being taken in the systematic study of the Scriptures. They filled the City Auditorium to its utmost capacity, and an eminent minister declared from the stage that the crowd made a far more inspiring sight than any observed at the Chapman-Alexander revivals.

The parade was the largest religious procession in the history of the city. Men of all ages marched in the ranks, and one old man, far beyond eighty years of age, insisted on joining his Bible class and going with it to the Auditorium. A great sea of uplifted Bibles was introduced to address the audience on the subject, "The Nation's Debt to the Bible."

Promptly at 3:30 o'clock, while members were still pouring into the hall, President C. R. Guy, of the federation, called the assembly to order, and the invocation was offered by Rev. Thomas Semmes. After a hymn and Scripture reading by Dr. F. T. McDaniel, the first speaker, the first speaker, was introduced to address the audience on the subject, "The Nation's Debt to the Bible."

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(Continued on Page Seven—Column 4.)

## Kelley's Friends Angry.

Another fact which cannot be denied is that Mr. Kelley's friends are extremely sore. They are saying that normally Colonel Catlett would have secured a nearly unanimous vote in Richmond in the primary, for he has lived here for several years, and is quite well known. They are saying that Judge Williams' vote in Richmond would have been a mere handful had they not in some way been assured that in case of the nomination and election of the man from the South-west, their friend, Mr. Kelley, would be appointed his assistant. Some of them go so far as to claim that Mr. Kelley's support of the Judge was worth to him 1,500 votes in Richmond in the primary.

There seems to be no doubt whatever that W. E. Bibb, of Louisville, the appointment within his grasp. Judge Williams has said that Mr. Bibb's application is being very favorably considered, which would not be the case were there any sort of agreement with Mr. Kelley, made by anybody, which Judge Williams intended to recognize. Mr. Bibb himself asserted, with emphasis in Richmond on Saturday that there is no doubt whatever about his appointment. The statement has been made, and is generally understood to be true, that Mr. Bibb has recently represented Judge Williams in the case pending against the latter in the criminal court of McDowell County.

## West Virginia Trouble.

That the next Attorney-General got himself into a serious pass in West Virginia there can be no question. The outcome is looked upon with more or less apprehension by his friends.

A month or so prior to the November election Judge Williams engaged in an altercation in the presence of the Circuit Court of McDowell county, where they were opposing attorneys in a case, with Judge J. M. Sanders, a former justice of the Supreme Court of West Virginia. As a result Judge Williams called Judge Williams a liar. It is said, conditionally, Judge Williams said that the table at which they were sitting was too wide to allow of

(Continued on Page Seven—Column 5.)

## HOPE, LIFTED HIGH, CRUSHED TO EARTH

No More Living Miners  
Are Rescued at  
Cherry.

## CHANCES GROWING PITIFULLY LESS

Bodies Are Found and 92 Have  
Been Brought to Surface, With  
198 Still Missing—Sunday  
a Day of Mourning  
and Funerals.

CHERRY, ILL., November 21.—Hope, aroused yesterday by the rescue alive of twenty entombed men from the St. Paul mine, just one week after the starting of the fatal fire, was crushed to-day, for not one more of the 310 men caught by the fire was found.

The day was spent in removing bodies and in burying the corpses heretofore recovered. To-night the records showed that of the 310 men in the mine last Saturday night, 118 are still missing, 153 have been found, have been found, and twenty men rescued alive.

The fire that broke out at last night was smothered to-day and explorers were able to work in the mine, but black damp in one of the galleries defied the men, as did cave-ins and other debris.

It was not even discovered whether there are more men alive in the mine galleries, although the explorers work with almost superhuman strength and rapidity.

The finding of thirty-seven bodies and their removal were the only visible results of to-day's endeavors. All day long the tolling of church bells resounded in Cherry and Spring Valley. Eighteen bodies were buried in a field south of Cherry. At the mine a dozen victims in coffins awaited removal, while a score of coffins were piled near-by for others that might be brought to the surface.

Services over the dead were held outside the church, into which Coroner Malm deemed it inadvisable that the bodies be taken.

From the yet unopened graves in which the Roman Catholic dead were placed, the priests hurried to the mine entrance to administer the last rites to any dying man that might be brought up.

## Chances Very Meagre.

It was declared to-day that the assertion made yesterday that 150 assertions made yesterday that 150 men had been discovered, was not well founded. Each hour that passes now is looked on as making the chances of escape pitifully less.

The rescuers worked with this knowledge. The fire in the mine, whose death toll is now at least 198, is a long time. Through this gallery the bodies of thirty-seven men would be seen. Preparations for the taking out of these bodies were rushed when the morbid throng about the mine had thinned and the black damp had been overcome.

In the mine levels the work of the explorers went on, and succeeded those days of eager miners, whose strength failed. Those who staggered from the pit mouth were surrounded instantly and a babel of questions was hurled at them.

"We can see the bodies," there are piles of the dead, and they are dead, and the reply of the boys, and those who followed gave no more cheering answers.

"But they could be living back there," they could be alive, could they? asked a relative of a miner still entombed.

"No chance," began the miner, then paused as he saw the trembling hands of the old man who had pressed to his side. "Why, sure," he added hastily. "Didn't the others come out?"

Among those who still hope for the rescue of living miners is Richard Newsam, president of the Illinois board of mine inspectors.

"Scotchmen are the most resourceful miners in the world," he said, "and there are twenty-two of them down there yet. I can see no reason why they should not have found some refuge just as did those who were found alive yesterday. They have had no food, however, and we must hurry if they are not to perish of thirst and starvation. Everything possible to bury on the work of exploration is being done."

## Touching Letters.

Letters written in their underground prison by some of the miners rescued alive yesterday came to light in various quarters to-day. One of the most touching was written by John Lorimer to his wife, Sadie. Lorimer is a young Scot from Ayrshire, whence he came to America ten years ago.

"He just laughs and says he will go back to the mine when he is well," said his wife to-day, "although I'd be willing, after what has happened, to support him myself if he would only get safer work."

As was the case at the home of each of the score of men rescued alive yesterday, Lorimer to-day received in his bedroom many callers for the writing of letters to their families.

Mr. Lorimer's letter follows:

"Dear Wife.—I am still living, although it is now 5 o'clock Sunday morning, and there is little hope, as the black damp is getting the best of us. There are twenty-one of us altogether here. Dear wife, do not grieve; we will meet again. God bless you; I believe in Him. He will take care of you. I guess we will meet in a better land. When you get over this hot time, know that I am here (Scotland). That is all, dear. God bless you."

"Your Loving Husband."

All of the farewell letters were written on pages torn from the time book carried by Mine Boss Walter White. White had the only lead pencil in the group, and it was passed from hand to hand in order that all might write.

One instance of the self-sacrifice of